#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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NUFACTURER'S NAME BALTIMORE PAINT P.O. Box 6709 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917

Cleveland, Ohio 44101

DATE OF PREPARATION INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

15-Mar-88

(216) 566-2902

Section I -- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER
A-946

\* - Trade Mark

PRODUCT NAME

SETFAST\* Traffic Zone Paint, White

PRODUCT CLASS

Alkyd Paint

CAS No.	Section I. INGREDIENT	I	HAZARDOUS I			UNITS	V.F.
110-54-3	Hexane	No Wil 101 110 1111	<5	5	0 500	PPM	127.0
	2-Methylpentane		<5	50	Ö	₽₽M	250.0
	V. M. & P. Narhtha.		1.5	30	0	PPM	12+0
108-88-3			5	10	0 200	PPM	22+0
1330-20-7			<5	10	0 100	PPM	5.9
14808-60-7			15	0 - 1	***	Ms/H3	as Dust
14807-94-4	Talc		5		2	EM\eM	as Dust
AA3-47-7	Titanium Dioxide.		20	Not	Established		es Dust
	1100HASH STONESS				* Refer to 9 CFR 1910.		

Lead (as Pb) 0.12 0.15 0.05 Ms/M3

Section III -- PHYSICAL DATA

EVAPORATION RATE -- Slower than Ether VAPOR BENSITY -- Heavier than Air BOILING RANGE VOLATILE VOLUME WT/GAL VOC (Theoretical) 123-325 F 49.8 % 11.21 lb. 3.15 lb. 377 sm.

# Section IV -- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLASH POINT 30 F PMCC LEL 0.9
RED LABEL -- Flammable, Flash below 100 F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxider Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used, ater spray may be ineffective. If water is used, for nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

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#### Section V -- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

QUTES OF EXPOSURE.

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 $oldsymbol{ extstyle J}$ Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

ACUTE Health Hazards

FFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eses, skin and respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression.

Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Acute occupational exposure to lead is uncommon, but results in effects and symptoms similar to chronic overexposure described below.

STONS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itchins or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soar and water.

Remove contaminated clothins and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

### CHRONIC Health Hazards

Chronic overexposure to Lead may result in damage to the blood-forming, nervous, urinary: and reproductive systems (including embryotoxic effects). Symptoms include abdominal discomfort or rain, constination, loss of appetite, metallic taste, nausea, insomnia, nervous irritability, weakness, muscle and Joint Pains, headache and dizziness.

Crystalline Silica (Quartz: Cristobalite) is listed by IARC. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to Hexane may cause damage to nerve tissue of the arms and less (peripheral neuropathy), resultins in muscular weakness and loss of sensation. This effect may be increased by the presence of Methyl Ethyl Ketone.

Prolonded overexposure to solvent indredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming, cardio-vascular, and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 ms./m3 developed luns cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. 

#### Section VI -- REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY -- Stable

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section II

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION -- Will Not Occur 

### Section VII -- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

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STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and covers Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for isnitability and extractability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local resulations resarding pollution.

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## Section VIII -- PROTECTION INFORMATION

RECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Before initial use, consult OSHA's Standard for Occupational Exposure to Lead (29 CFR 1910.1025).

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid broathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates, such as titanium dioxide or calcium carbonate (see ACGIH TLV List, Preface and Appendix B), which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section II, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./mJ (total dust), OSHA PEL 15 mg./mJ (total dust), 5 mg./mJ (respirable fraction). VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section II.

When sanding, wirebrushing, abrading, burning or welding the dried film, wear a particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection assinst non-volatile materials in Section II. PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section II.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

# Section IX -- PRECAUTIONS

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY -- 1B

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame.

During use and until all vapors are some: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bondins and Groundins procedures.

Keer container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

CONTAINS LEAD. Do not apply on toys and other children's articles, furniture, or any interior surface of a dwelling or facility which may be occupied or used by children. Do not apply on any exterior surface of dwelling units, such as window sills, porches, stairs, or railings to which children may be commonly exposed.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.